1. Identification of Substance & Company

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other names</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSNO approval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approval description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proper Shipping Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazchem code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Company Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Dricon Firth Industries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>585 Great South Rd, Penrose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PO Box 99904, Newmarket, 1149</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Auckland, New Zealand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>+64-9- 583 2100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dricon.co.nz">www.dricon.co.nz</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800-764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product has been assessed under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act and is not classified as hazardous if not present as a fine respirable dust.

Classes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOLS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hazard Statement

None

Other Classifications

In 2006, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) classified titanium dioxide in group 2B, as a substance that is "possibly carcinogenic to humans". To date, titanium dioxide has not been assigned any harmonised European classification, under Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, known as the CLP Regulation.

Precautionary Statements

None

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS/ Identification</th>
<th>Conc (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1317-80-2</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.
4. First Aid

General Information
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Recommended first aid facilities
Ready access to running water is recommended.

Exposure
Swallowed
IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Eye contact
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Inhaled
IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Advice to Doctor
Treat symptomatically. See Section 11 for information on potential long term health effects from exposure to very fine crystalline silica dust.

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Suitable extinguishing substances: Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays.

Unsuitable extinguishing substances: Water spray.

Products of combustion: May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment
There is no current legal requirement for containment of this product.

Emergency procedures
In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel.

Clean-up method
Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Disposal
Vacuum or sweep up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions
Avoid dust creation. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage
Store unopened in the original containers in a secure compound. Store in a cool, dry, area with sufficient natural/mechanical ventilation to avoid airborne hazards.

Handling
Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of dusts.
8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards
A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NZ Workplace Exposure Std</th>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>WES-TWA</th>
<th>WES-STEI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>10mg/m³</td>
<td>data unavailable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering Controls
In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe airborne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes
Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it is always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely.

Skin
If discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions, use gloves. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use.

Respiratory
Use a respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges (N95 particulate filter) are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

WES Additional Information
Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>White fine powder/dust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>no odour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatile materials</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing / melting point</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>insoluble in water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity / density</td>
<td>3.7-4.2kg/L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danger of explosion</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper &amp; lower flammable limits</td>
<td>no data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrosiveness</td>
<td>non corrosive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability
Stable

Conditions to be avoided
Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups
Reactive with acids. Slightly reactive to reactive with metals, e.g. lithium, aluminium, calcium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc.

Substance Specific Incompatibility
none known

Hazardous decomposition products
none known

Hazardous reactions
none known
11. Toxicological Information

**Summary**

IF SWALLOWED: no effect anticipated. Not considered toxic.
IF IN EYES: not considered an eye irritant.
IF INHALED: see chronic toxicity.
IF ON SKIN: non irritating.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Titanium dioxide as ultrafine to fine particle sizes: 50 nm to 1.5 µm has been found to be a suspected carcinogen in animal studies (IARC 2B).

**Supporting Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute</th>
<th>Oral</th>
<th>Titanium dioxide is not considered acutely toxic.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>No evidence for dermal toxicity.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhaled</td>
<td>No evidence for acute inhalation toxicity.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye</td>
<td>The substance is not considered to be irritating to the eye.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>The substance is not considered to be irritating to skin.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Chronic**

| Sensitisation | No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. |
| Mutagenicity  | No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. |
| Carcinogenicity | Based on reports in some rodent studies of increased lung tumours after inhalation of titanium dioxide (range of crystalline structures and ultrafine to fine particle sizes: 50 nm to 1.5 µm), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified titanium dioxide and related polymorphs as 'Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)', based on inadequate evidence in humans and limited evidence in animals (IARC, 2010). |

| Reproductive / Developmental | No data for mixture is available. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or developmental toxicant or has any effects on or via lactation. |
| Aggravation of existing conditions | No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. None known. |

12. Ecological Data

**Summary**

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic.

| Aquatic          | No evidence of aquatic ecotoxicity. Estimated EC_{50} of the mixture is >100mg/L, |
| Bioaccumulation  | No data |
| Degradability    | No data |
| Soil             | No evidence of soil ecotoxicity. |
| Terrestrial vertebrate | No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial vertebrates. |
| Terrestrial invertebrate | No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates. |
| Biocidal         | no data |

13. Disposal Considerations

**Restrictions**

There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

**Disposal method**

Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority.

**Contaminated packaging**

Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any hazardous substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.
14. Transport Information

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

| UN number: | NA | Proper shipping name: | NA |
| Class(es): | NA | Packing group: | NA |
| Precautions: | NA | Hazchem code: | 1T (recommended) |

15. Regulatory Information

This product is not considered hazardous under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO).

**Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

- SDS: Not required.
- Inventory: An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.
- Labelling: No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.
- Emergency plan: Not required.
- Certified handler: Not required.
- Tracking: Not required.
- Bunding and secondary containment: Not required.
- Signage: Not required.
- Location compliance certificate: Not required.
- Flammable zone: Not required.
- Fire extinguisher: Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

**Other Legislation**

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

**Abbreviations**

- Approval Code: NA
- CAS Number: Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
- Ceiling: Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.
- Controls Matrix: List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16).
- EC50: Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
- EPA: Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)
- HAZCHEM Code: Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
- HSNO: Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- LEL: Lower Explosive Limit
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
- MSDS (SDS): Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)
- PES: Prescribed Exposure Standard means a WES or a biological exposure standard that is prescribed in a regulation, a safe work instrument or an approval under HSNO (including group standards).
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded.
- TWA: Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
- UEL: Upper Explosive Limit
- UN Number: United Nations Number
**WES**  
Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker’s breathing zone.

**References**

**Data**  
Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).

**Controls**  

**WES**  

**Other References:**
EU ECHA, Ingredients SDS’s, ChemIDplus

**Review**

**Date**  
June 2018

**Reason for Review**  
NA – new SDS

**Disclaimer**  
This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications, are based on our experience, EPA Guidelines and international classifications. A compliance record is available on request. This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: (09) 940 30 80.